



SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Revision date: 13.11.2025

1- IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

Product details

Trade name: Aerosol 2K Epoxy Primer

Article number: 14013

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available

Sector of Use:

SU21 Consumer uses: Private households / general public / consumers

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Product category: PC9a Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Process category:

PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC11 Non industrial spraying

Intended use: Car refinishing Product/ Lacquer

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Chamäleon GmbH

Rudolf-Diesel-Straße, 8a, 69115 Heidelberg

Germany

Further information obtainable from: Product Safety Department

Information in case of emergency: + 49 70024112112 (CH)

2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Aerosol 1 H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.



GHS08 health hazard

- STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS07

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3 H335-H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Label elements**Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word Danger**Hazard-determining components of labelling:**

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700-1000)

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

acetone

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine

Hazard statements

H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335-H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

- P260 Do not breathe spray.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection.
- P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with regional regulations.

Additional information:

Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation.

Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

3- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 115-10-6 EINECS: 204-065-8 Index number: 603-019-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119472128-37	dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	25-<50%
EC number: 905-588-0 Index number: 601-022-00-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119488216-32	reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	12.5-<20%
CAS: 25068-38-6 NLP: 500-033-5 Index number: 603-074-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119456619-26	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin (number average molecular weight = 700-1000) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	5-<10%
CAS: 67-64-1 EINECS: 200-662-2 Index number: 606-001-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119471330-49	acetone Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	5-<10%

CAS: 107-98-2 EINECS: 203-539-1 Index number: 603-064-00-3 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457435-35	1-methoxy-2-propanol Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	2.5-<5%
EC number: 918-668-5 Reg.nr.: 01-2119455851-35	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 STOT SE 3, H335-H336 EUH066	≥0.25-<2.5%
CAS: 13939-25-8 EINECS: 237-714-9	aluminium dihydrogen triphosphate Eye Irrit. 2, H319	<2.5%
CAS: 108-94-1 EINECS: 203-631-1 Index number: 606-010-00-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119453616-35	cyclohexanone Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	≥1-<2.5%
CAS: 13463-67-7 EINECS: 236-675-5 Index number: 022-006-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119489379-17	titanium dioxide substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	<2.5%
CAS: 108-65-6 EINECS: 203-603-9 Index number: 607-195-00-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119475791-29	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	<2.5%
CAS: 7779-90-0 EINECS: 231-944-3 Index number: 030-011-00-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485044-40	trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	≥0.25-≤0.5%
CAS: 77-99-6 EINECS: 201-074-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119486799-10	propylidynetrimethanol Repr. 2, H361fd	≤0.5%
CAS: 162627-17-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119970640-38-xxxx	Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine Skin Sens. 1, H317	≥0.1-≤0.5%

Additional information:

The content of Benzene (EINECS-Nr. 200-753-7) in the ingredients is less than 0,1% (Note P Annex 1A 1272/2008 EU), so the classification as carcinogen need not to apply.

xylene: Contains ethylbenzene CAS 100-41-4

In accordance with the current Annex II of UK REACH, the concentration of the substances contained in the mixture are specified. For the classification of aerosols, the values used for calculation may differ.

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4- FIRST - AID MEASURE

Description of first aid measures

General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5- FIRE - FIGHTING MEASURE

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO₂, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

Advice for firefighters -

Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

6- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Keep away from ignition sources.

Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Reference to other sections:

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7- HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.

Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.

Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed.

Storage class: 2 B

Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

115-10-6 Dimethyl ether

WEL	Short-term value: 958 mg/m ³ , 500 ppm Long-term value: 766 mg/m ³ , 400 ppm
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	
WEL	Short-term value: 441 mg/m ³ , 100 ppm Long-term value: 220 mg/m ³ , 50 ppm Sk; BMGV
67-64-1 acetone	
WEL	Short-term value: 3620 mg/m ³ , 1500 ppm Long-term value: 1210 mg/m ³ , 500 ppm
107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol	
WEL	Short-term value: 560 mg/m ³ , 150 ppm Long-term value: 375 mg/m ³ , 100 ppm Sk
13463-67-7 titanium dioxide	
WEL	Long-term value: 10* 4** mg/m ³ *total inhalable **respirable
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	
WEL	Short-term value: 548 mg/m ³ , 100 ppm Long-term value: 274 mg/m ³ , 50 ppm Sk

DNELs		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene		
Oral	DNEL	1.6 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Dermal	DNEL	180 mg/kg /per day (Worker, longterm systemic)
Inhalative	DNEL	211 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	221 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm local)
	DNEL	442 mg/m ³ (Worker, acute systemic)
	DNEL	289 mg/m ³ (Worker, acute local)
	DNEL	14.8 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	260 mg/m ³ (Consumer; acute systemic)
	DNEL	65.3 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm local)
	DNEL	260 mg/m ³ (Consumer, acute local)
67-64-1 acetone		
Oral	DNEL	62 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Dermal	DNEL	62 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Inhalative	DNEL	186 mg/kg /per day (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	2420 mg/m ³ (Worker, acute local)
	DNEL	1210 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	200 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm systemic)

	DNEL	60 mg/m ³
107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol		
Oral	DNEL	3.3 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Dermal	DNEL	50.6 mg/kg /per day (Worker, longterm systemic)
Inhalative	DNEL	18.1 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	553.5 mg/m ³ (Worker, acute local)
	DNEL	369 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	43.9 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics		
Oral	DNEL	11 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
Dermal	DNEL	25 mg/kg /per day (Worker, longterm systemic)
Inhalative	DNEL	11 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	150 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	32 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm systemic)
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
Dermal	DNEL	796 mg/kg /per day (Worker, longterm systemic)
Inhalative	DNEL	320 mg/kg /per day (Consumer, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	275 mg/m ³ (Worker, longterm systemic)
	DNEL	33 mg/m ³ (Consumer, longterm systemic)

PNECs	
67-64-1 acetone	
PNEC	10.6 mg/l (Freshwater)
PNEC	1.06 mg/l (Seawater)
PNEC	21 mg/l (Sporadic release)
PNEC	100 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
PNEC	30.4 mg/kg (Freshwater sediment)
PNEC	3.04 mg/kg (Seawater sediment)
PNEC	29.5 mg/kg (Soil)
107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol	
PNEC	10 mg/l (Freshwater)
PNEC	1 mg/l (Seawater)
PNEC	100 mg/l (Sporadic release)
PNEC	100 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
PNEC	52.3 mg/kg (Freshwater sediment)
PNEC	5.2 mg/kg (Seawater sediment)
PNEC	4.59 mg/kg (Soil)
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	
PNEC	0.635 mg/l (Freshwater)
PNEC	0.064 mg/l (Seawater)

PNEC	100 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
PNEC	3.29 mg/kg (Freshwater sediment)
PNEC	0.329 mg/kg (Seawater sediment)
PNEC	0.29 mg/kg (Soil)

Ingredients with biological limit values:	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	
BMGV	650 mmol/mol creatinine Medium: urine Sampling time: post shift Parameter: methyl hippuric acid

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: No further data; see section 7.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
- Store protective clothing separately.
- Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
- Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- Avoid contact with the eyes.

Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.
Filter A2/P3.

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Material of gloves

Butyl rubber, BR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Penetration time of glove material

Butyl rubber gloves with a thickness of 0.4 mm are resistant to:

- Acetone: 480 min
- Butyl acetate: 60 min
- Ethyl acetate: 170 min
- Xylene: 42 min

Butyl rubber gloves with a thickness of 0.4 mm are solvent resistant for 42- 480 minutes. As protective measure,

we recommend that users and responsible persons for work safety assume solvent resistance length of 42 minutes. Considering the data in section 3 of this SDS, one can assume longer resistance length in particular cases.

Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed goggles

9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

Physical state

Aerosol

Colour:

According to product specification

Odour:

Characteristic

Odour threshold:

Not determined.

Melting point/freezing point:

Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:

Not applicable, as aerosol

Flammability:

Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower:

1 Vol % (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

Upper:

26.2 Vol % (115-10-6 dimethyl ether)

Flash point:

Not applicable, as aerosol.

Auto-ignition temperature:

240 °C (464 °F) (115-10-6 dimethyl ether)

Decomposition temperature:

Not determined.

pH:

Mixture is non-soluble (in water).

Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity:

Not determined.

Dynamic:

Not determined.

Solubility

water:

Not miscible or difficult to mix.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):

Not determined.

Vapour pressure at 20 °C (68 °F) :

4000 hPa (3000.2 mm Hg) (115-10-6 dimethyl ether)

Vapour pressure at 50 °C (122 °F):

11400 hPa (8550.7 mm Hg)

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C (68 °F):

1 g/cm³ (8.3 lbs/gal)

Relative density

Not determined.

Vapour density

Not determined.

Other information

Appearance:

Form: Aerosol

Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

Explosive properties: Not determined.

Solvent content:

Organic solvents: 63.3 %

VOC (EC) ---

VOC-EU% 620.0 g/l

Solids content: 63.60 %

Change in condition 7.7 %

Evaporation rate: Not applicable.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives: Void

Flammable gases: Void

Aerosols: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Oxidising gases: Void

Gases under pressure: Void

Flammable liquids: Void

Flammable solids: Void

Self-reactive substances and mixtures: Void

Pyrophoric liquids: Void

Pyrophoric solids: Void

Self-heating substances and mixtures: Void

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water: Void

Oxidising liquids: Void

Oxidising solids: Void

Organic peroxides: Void

Corrosive to metals: Void

Desensitised explosives: Void

10- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No further relevant information available.

Chemical stability

- **Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:** No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions:** No dangerous reactions known.
- Conditions to avoid:** No further relevant information available.
- Incompatible materials:** No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products:** No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene		
Oral	LD50	3523 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50 / 4 h	29000 mg/m3 (rat)
67-64-1 acetone		
Oral	LD50	5800 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>15800 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	76 mg/l (rat)
	LC50 / 96 h	5540 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics		
Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)
Dermal	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rab) (OECD 402)
108-94-1 cyclohexanone		
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	6.2 mg/l (rat)
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		
Oral	LD50	8530 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	>10000 mg/m3 (rat)

Primary irritant effect:

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction..

STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties
None of the ingredients is listed.



12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:	
115-10-6 dimethyl ether	
EC50 / 96 h	155 mg/l (algae)
LC50 / 48 h	>4000 mg/l (daphnia magna)
LC50 / 96 h	>4000 mg/l (fish)
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	
EC50 / 48 h	7.4 mg/l (daphnia magna)
LC50 / 96 h	13.5 mg/l (fish)
67-64-1 acetone	
LC50/96h	8300 mg/l (fish)
EC50/96h	7200 mg/l (algae)
LC50 / 48 h	8450 mg/l (crustacean (water flea))
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	
EC50 / 48 h	302 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50 / 72 h	2.75 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
EC50 / 96 h	9.2 mg/l (Regenbogenforelle)
108-65-6 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	
EC50 / 48 h	>500 mg/l (daphnia magna)
LC50 / 96 h	100-180 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)
7779-90-0 trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	
EC50 / 48 h	0.33 mg/l (crustaceans)
LC50 / 96 h	0.37 mg/l (fish)

Persistence and degradability: No further relevant information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No further relevant information available.

Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

Endocrine disrupting properties:

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

Other adverse effects

Remark: Harmful to fish

Additional ecological information:

General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

■ Harmful to aquatic organisms

13- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste treatment methods

Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: Dispose of packaging according to regulations on the disposal of packagings.

14- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number or ID number

ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1950

UN proper shipping name

ADR 1950 AEROSOLS
IMDG AEROSOLS
IATA AEROSOLS, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR



Class 2.5F Gases.
Label 2.1

IMDG, IATA



Class 2.1 Gases.
Label 2.1



Packing group	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	not regulated
Environmental hazards:	
Marine pollutant:	Yes
Special precautions for user	Warning: Gases.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	-
EMS Number:	F-D,S-U
Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat. SW22 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Category A. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Category B. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Category C, Clear of living quarters.
Segregation Code	SG69 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except for division 1.4. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.
Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO	
Instruments:	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	D
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Poisons Act

Regulated explosives precursors		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
Regulated poisons		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
Reportable explosives precursors		
67-64-1	acetone	Listed
Reportable poisons		
None of the ingredients is listed.		

Directive 2012/18/EU

Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

Seveso category P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 150 t

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t

National regulations:

The product is subject to be labeled according with the prevailing version of the regulations on hazardous substances.

Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16-OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant phrases

- H220 Extremely flammable gas.
- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Data is based on internal technical data and technical data from suppliers.

The propellant gas is not taken into account when determining the classification of the mixture for health and the environment.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Gas 1A: Flammable gases – Category 1A

Aerosol 1: Aerosols – Category 1

Press. Gas (Comp.): Gases under pressure – Compressed gas

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

The information contained in these sheets is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.